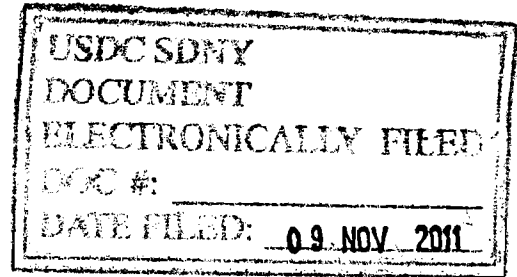


UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X  
MICHAEL RAWLINS,

Petitioner,

-v-



No. 09 Civ. 2554 (LTS)(JLC)

ROBERT ERCOLE, SUPERINTENDENT,  
GREEN HAVEN CORRECTIONAL FACILITY,  
and ERIC T. SCHNEIDERMAN, NEW YORK  
STATE ATTORNEY GENERAL,

Respondents.  
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**ORDER ADOPTING REPORT & RECOMMENDATION**

The Court has reviewed Magistrate Judge Cott's September 21, 2011, Report and Recommendation (the "Report"), which recommends that the Court deny the instant petition for a writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2554. Rawlins' petition challenges concurrent sentences imposed on him by the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, on February 25, 2004. Petitioner Rawlins filed timely a general objection to the Report.

In reviewing a report and recommendation, a district court "may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or recommendations made by the magistrate judge." 28 U.S.C.A. § 636(b)(1)(C) (West 2006). Where neither party files timely specific objections to the magistrate judge's report and recommendation, a district court need only determine that the recommendation is not clearly erroneous or contrary to the law. Arista Records LLC v. Doe, 604 F.3d 110, 117 (2d Cir. 2010); see FED. R. CIV. P. 72. "When a party makes only conclusory or general objections, . . . the Court reviews the Report only for clear error." Pettaway v. Brown,

No. 09 Civ. 3587 (LTS)(JCF), 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 123854, at \*2 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 26, 2011).

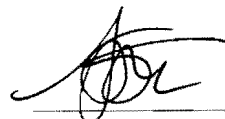
The Court has carefully reviewed Judge Cott's Report and finds no clear error. The Court therefore adopts the Report in its entirety and denies the petition for the reasons stated therein. The petitioner may not appeal this order to the Court of Appeals unless "a circuit justice or judge issues a certificate of appealability." 28 U.S.C.A. § 2253(c)(1) (West 1994 & Supp. 2002). A certificate will be granted, "only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2); see generally United States v. Perez, 129 F.3d 255, 259-60 (2d Cir. 1997) (discussing the standard for issuing a certificate of appealability). As the petition makes no substantial showing of a denial of a constitutional right, a certificate of appealability will not issue.

The Court certifies pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3) that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith, and therefore in forma pauperis status is denied for the purpose of an appeal. See Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

The Clerk of the Court is respectfully requested to enter judgment denying the petition, and close this case.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: New York, New York  
November 9, 2011



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LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN  
United States District Judge